



Home Learning Timetable

Year 3 and 4

Week 9th - 13th November 2020

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	English	Maths	Other subjects
Monday	<p>TASK & LINK TO VIDEO Watch this video first using this link: https://classroom.thenational.academy/lessons/to-explore-word-class-6cu3je?activity=video&step=1</p>	<p>TASK & LINK TO VIDEO Watch this video first by clicking on this link: https://vimeo.com/469786596</p>	<p>TASK & LINK TO VIDEO GEOGRAPHY Watch this video (Where are the world's rivers?) first using this link: https://classroom.thenational.academy/lessons/where-are-the-worlds-rivers-6dh32d?activity=video&step=1</p>
	<p>ACTIVITY/ALLOCATED WORK Work on video - pause and answer the questions when asked. You will need some paper and a pen/pencil.</p>	<p>ACTIVITY/ALLOCATED WORK After watching the video, complete the worksheet attached below dated Monday 9th November.</p>	<p>ACTIVITY/ALLOCATED WORK Work on video – pause and answer the questions when asked. You will need some paper and a pen/pencil.</p>
Tuesday	<p>READING TASK Read the text extract 'Remembrance Day: Why do people wear poppies?' attached below dated Tuesday 10th November.</p>	<p>TASK & LINK TO VIDEO Watch this video first by clicking on this link: https://vimeo.com/469787855</p>	<p>TASK & LINK TO VIDEO GEOGRAPHY First click the link below and complete the introductory quiz based on yesterday's lesson. Once you have completed the quiz, close it and press next to watch today's video – how do rivers shape the land? https://classroom.thenational.academy/lessons/how-do-rivers-shape-the-land-69j64r?step=1&activity=intro_quiz</p>
	<p>ACTIVITY/ALLOCATED WORK Answer the questions on the PowerPoint which is attached to Monday's email from Mrs Gibbins. You will need some paper and a pen/pencil.</p>	<p>ACTIVITY/ALLOCATED WORK After watching the video, complete the worksheet attached below dated Tuesday 10th November.</p>	<p>ACTIVITY/ALLOCATED WORK Work on video – pause and answer the questions when asked. You will need some paper and a pen/pencil.</p>

Complete the sentences to describe the groups.

a)

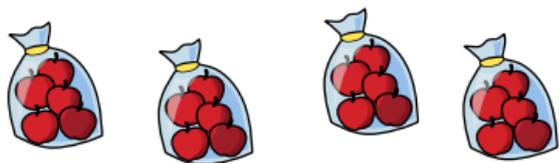


There are plates.

Each plate has cakes.

There are equal groups of

b)



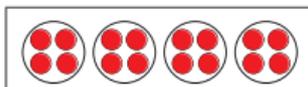
There are bags.

Each bag has apples.

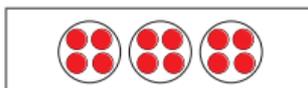
There are equal groups of

Match the statements to the representations.

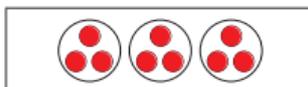
3 equal groups of 4



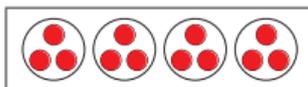
3 equal groups of 3



4 equal groups of 3



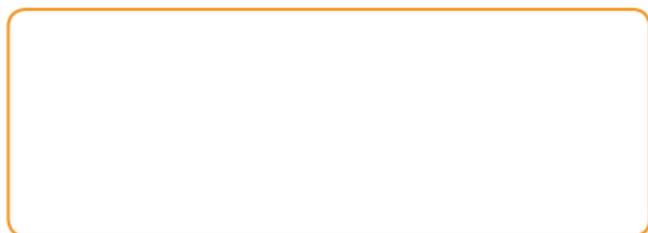
4 equal groups of 4



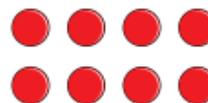
Kim has 6 equal groups of 5

a) Use cubes to represent this.

b) Draw your cubes.



Dani makes an array.

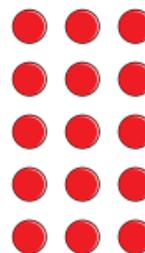


a) Circle 4 groups of 2

Do this in two different ways.



Filip has used counters to represent 5 equal groups of 3



a) Draw more counters to represent 5 equal groups of 4

b) How many more counters did you draw?



a) How many ways can you arrange the flowers into equal groups?

Tuesday 10th November

Remembrance Day: Why do people wear poppies?



This year's Poppy Appeal has been launched by the Royal British Legion.

In the days leading up to Remembrance Day on 11 November, you will see people on the TV and in the streets wearing a poppy.

This is a symbol to remember those who have lost their lives in conflicts around the world and those who have been killed as a result of terrorism.

It also represents the contribution of families and of the emergency services.

Millions of poppies will be sold over the coming days by tens of thousands of volunteers.

Why do we wear poppies?

The reason poppies are used to remember those who have given their lives in battle is because they are the flowers which grew on the battlefields after World War One ended.

This is described in the famous World War One poem 'In Flanders Fields'.

Ever since then, they have come to be a symbol of remembering not just those who gave their lives in World War One, but all those who have died on behalf of their country.

The money raised from these donations is used to help servicemen and women who are still alive, whose lives have been changed by wars that they fought in.

The money helps veterans who may need to find new jobs or somewhere to live, or any other support they may need.

It is also used to help those who have lost loved ones because of wars.



Where did it all start?

The Royal British Legion was founded on 15 May 1921.

However, back then the poppies weren't made out of paper like they are today. They were made out of silk.

They sold out straight away and raised more than £106,000 for those whose lives had been affected by the war, by helping to find them jobs and somewhere to live once they were no longer serving in the army.

In 1922, a factory was set up where disabled former soldiers were employed to make the poppies.

This factory is still running - and producing many millions of poppies each year - to this very day.

While the majority of people wear their poppy on their chest, there is no right or wrong way to wear a poppy.

As the Royal British Legion says: "We only ask you to wear it with pride."



How many pears are there?

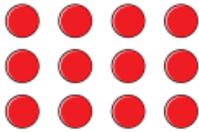


$$\square + \square + \square = \square$$

$$\square \times \square = \square$$

There are pears.

Write two additions and two multiplications for the array.



$$\square + \square + \square = \square$$

$$\square \times \square = \square$$

$$\square + \square + \square + \square = \square$$

$$\square \times \square = \square$$

Draw dots to show each multiplication in two ways.

The first one has been done for you.

Multiplication	Array 1	Array 2
3×8		
2×5		
4×9		
6×1		

Draw an array to show 7×3

Complete the number sentence.

$$7 \times 3 = \square$$

Is there more than one way to draw the array?

Draw three different arrays to show 12